Ref	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L1	1	"isobutyric anhydride".clm. and "acetic anhydride".clm. and "isobutyric acid".clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	OFF	2005/11/30 20:44

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L1	532	"isobutyric anhydride" with "acetic anhydride" with isobutyric	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2005/11/30 19:53
L2	365	l1 and distill\$	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2005/11/30 19:53

JP 6/5/2003 Tiled 6/3/2004

```
=> d his
```

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 19:42:16 ON 30 NOV 2005)

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 19:42:31 ON 30 NOV 2005

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 19:42:39 ON 30 NOV 2005 L1 . 1 S 97-72-3/RN

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 19:43:07 ON 30 NOV 2005

L2 889 S L1

L3 38 S L1/PREP

L4 208 S L2 AND "ACETIC ANHYDRIDE"

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 19:45:06 ON 30 NOV 2005 L5 1 S 108-24-7/RN

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 19:45:19 ON 30 NOV 2005

=> s 11 and 15

889 L1

17101 L5

L6 346 L1 AND L5

=> s 13 and 15

17101 L5

L7 17 L3 AND L5

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 19:42:16 ON 30 NOV 2005)

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 19:42:31 ON 30 NOV 2005

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 19:42:39 ON 30 NOV 2005 L1 1 S 97-72-3/RN

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 19:43:07 ON 30 NOV 2005

L2 889 S L1

L3 38 S L1/PREP

L4 208 S L2 AND "ACETIC ANHYDRIDE"

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 19:45:06 ON 30 NOV 2005 L5 1 S 108-24-7/RN

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 19:45:19 ON 30 NOV 2005

L6 346 S L1 AND L5

L7 17 S L3 AND L5

=> d 11

YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'REGISTRY' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:y

L1 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 97-72-3 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984

CN Propanoic acid, 2-methyl-, anhydride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Isobutyric anhydride (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 2-Methylpropanoic acid anhydride

```
2-Methylpropanoic anhydride
CN
CN
     2-Methylpropionic anhydride
CN
     Isobutanoic anhydride
CN
     Isobutyric acid anhydride
     Isobutyryl anhydride
CN
FS
     3D CONCORD
     C8 H14 O3
MF
CI
     COM
                 BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS,
LC
     STN Files:
       CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, DETHERM*, HODOC*, HSDB*, IFICDB,
       IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MSDS-OHS, NIOSHTIC, PS, SPECINFO, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER,
       USPAT2, USPATFULL
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
     Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
**PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT**
             888 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
               7 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
             889 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
              12 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)
YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'REGISTRY' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:y
L5
     ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
RN
     108-24-7 REGISTRY
ΕD
     Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
     Acetic acid, anhydride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
    Acetic anhydride (8CI)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
    Acetic oxide
CN
    Acetyl acetate
    Acetyl anhydride
CN
    Acetyl ether
CN
     Acetyl oxide
CN
CN
     Ethanoic anhydride
FS
     3D CONCORD
     C4 H6 O3
MF
CI
     COM
                 AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, AQUIRE, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
LC
     STN Files:
       BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS,
       CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CHEMSAFE, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DETHERM*, DIPPR*,
       EMBASE, ENCOMPLIT, ENCOMPLITZ, ENCOMPPAT, ENCOMPPATZ, GMELIN*, HODOC*,
       HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NIOSHTIC,
       PDLCOM*, PIRA, PROMT, PS, RTECS*, SPECINFO, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, TULSA,
       ULIDAT, USPATZ, USPATFULL, VTB
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
     Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
```

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

17060 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE) 424 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA 17101 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE) 4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967) => d bib abs 1-17 ANSWER 1 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN L7 2004:875971 CAPLUS ΑN 141:351760 DN Dehydration process for making isobutyric anhydride from isobutyric acid TI and acetic anhydride Paul, Jean-Michel; Busca, Patrick IN PA Atofina, Fr. SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 6 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW DTPatent LΑ French FAN.CNT 1 APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE ____ _____ ______ EP 2004-290802 EP 1468980 20041020 20040325 A1 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, HR 20041022 FR 2003-4785 20030416 FR 2853900 A1 20050120 US 2004-824618 20040415 US 2005014974 A1 20041111 JP 2004-121366 20040416 JP 2004315536 A2 PRAI FR 2003-4785 Α 20030416 A dehydration process is presented for making isobutyric anhydride from isobutyric acid and acetic anhydride with distillation of the acetic acid byproduct. THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE.CNT 4 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT ANSWER 2 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN L7 2001:676744 CAPLUS 135:226715 Two-step process for the preparation of triflic anhydride Hembre, Robert Thomas; Lin, Robert Eastman Chemical Company, USA PCT Int. Appl., 16 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 Patent DT

AN

DN

ΤI

IN

PA

SO

LA. English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT	NO.			KIN	D	DATE		Ĭ	APPL	ICAT	ION 1	NO.		D	ATE	
		-				-			-								
ΡI	WO 2001	0665	16		A1		2001	0913	Ţ	WO 2	001-	US67	04		2	0010	301
	W:	JP															
	RW:	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,
		PT,	SE,	TR													
	US 2002	0023	01		A1		2002	0103	Ţ	JS 2	001-	7929	95		2	0010	226
	US 6469	206			В2		2002	1022			-						
	EP· 1261	582			A1		2002	1204]	EP 2	001-	9146	29		2	0010	301
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,

IE, FI, CY, TR JP 2001-565334 20010301 JP 2003525926 Т2 20030902 PRAI US 2000-187832P Ρ 20000308 US 2001-792995 20010226 Α WO 2001-US6704 W 20010301 CASREACT 135:226715; MARPAT 135:226715 os

AB Trifluoromethanesulfonic acid anhydride is prepared in high yield and selectivity by: (1) forming a mixed anhydride comprising a trifluoromethanesulfonyl residue and a carboxyl residue by contacting trifluoromethanesulfonic acid or a derivative of a carboxyl compound [selected from ketene, dialkyl ketenes (e.g., di-Me ketene), carboxylic acids, acyl halides, and carboxylate salts]; and (2) subjecting the mixed anhydride to reactive distillation where the mixed anhydride undergoes disproportionation to produce triflic anhydride and a higher-boiling carboxylic acid anhydride (e.g., acetic anhydride).

RE.CNT 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L7 ANSWER 3 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 1999:460864 CAPLUS
- DN 131:199342
- TI Nonordinary destruction of aliphatic aldehydes C2-C4 in solutions of giant palladium clusters Pd-561
- AU Gladii, S. L.; Starchevskii, M. K.; Lastovyak, , Yu. V.; Pezderskii, Yu. A.; Vargaftik, M. N.; Moiseev, I. I.
- CS Borislavsk. Naukovo-Dosl. Inst. "Sintez", Borislav, Ukraine
- SO Dopovidi Natsional'noi Akademii Nauk Ukraini (1998), (1), 174-178 CODEN: DNAUFL; ISSN: 1025-6415
- PB Prezidiya Natsional'noi Akademii Nauk Ukraini
- DT Journal
- LA Ukrain/Ukrain
- AB Giant palladium cluster (Pd561) solns. are found to catalyze at 333 K and 0.1 MPa the oxidative destruction of aliphatic aldehydes C2-C4 yielding carbon dioxide and hydrocarbons. Acetaldehyde is converted to CO2 and CH4. Destruction of propanal, butanal and i-butanal yields CO2 and olefins accordingly, ethylene and propene. A reaction mechanism suggested includes the cleavage of the α -C-C bond of RCH2-C=O coordinated with a Pd-atom.
- L7 ANSWER 4 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 1997:589048 CAPLUS
- DN 127:234784
- TI Acylated polyallylamine and process for producing the same
- IN Kato, Tadashi; Hayashi, Ikuo; Takeuchi, Minoru; Endo, Tadao
- PA Nitto Boseki Co., Ltd., Japan
- SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 25 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW
- DT Patent
- LA English
- FAN.CNT 1

E	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	EP 791605	A2 A3	19970827 19980114	EP 1997-300859	19970211
j	R: CH, DE, FR, JP 09286816	GB, LI A2	19971104	JP 1997-3176	19970110
V	JP 3199227 NO 9700768 JP 1996-31713	B2 A A	20010813 19970821 19960220	NO 1997-768	19970219

AB Acylated polyallylamine with low cation d. is easily produced by treating a solution of polyallylamine having a polymerization degree of at least 10 with a

carboxylic acid anhydride such as acetic anhydride. Thus, adding 189.4 g

Ac20 in 4 h to 3443 g 10% aqueous PAA-10C (polyallylamine) solution at 0-5°, adding 511.13 g 14.83% aqueous NaOH solution to neutralize HOAc byproduct, and electrodialyzing 44 h to remove salts gave 30 mol% acetylated product.

- L7 ANSWER 5 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 1997:41587 CAPLUS
- DN 126:83599
- TI Synthesis, Characterization, and Behavior of Hydridoruthenium Carbonyl Clusters Substituted with Functionalized Phosphines in the Presence of Hydrogen. 1. H4Ru4(CO)8[P(CH2OCOR)3]4 (R = CH3-, C2H5-, (CH3)2CH-, (CH3)3C-, (S)-C2H5CH(CH3)-)
- AU Bianchi, Mario; Frediani, Piero; Salvini, Antonella; Rosi, Luca; Pistolesi, Leonardo; Piacenti, Franco; Ianelli, Sandra; Nardelli, Mario
- CS Dipartimento di Chimica Organica, Universita di Firenze, Florence, 50121, Italy
- SO Organometallics (1997), 16(3), 482-489 CODEN: ORGND7; ISSN: 0276-7333
- PB American Chemical Society
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB The synthesis and characterization of phosphines containing ester groups P(CH2O2CR)3 (R = CH3, C2H5, Me2CH, Me3C, (S)-C2H5CHMe) are reported. The new hydridoruthenium complexes H4Ru4(CO)8[P(CH2O2CR)3]4 were synthesized and characterized. The structure of (+)-(S)-H4Ru4(CO)8{P[CH2O2CCHMeC2H5]3})4 was determined by x-ray diffraction. The behavior of these complexes in hydrocarbon solution with H2 under pressure (130 atm) in the temperature range 25-130° was studied. The ester groups present in the ligand P(CH2O2CR)3 are hydrogenated under mild conditions with formation of the corresponding alc. RCH2OH.
- RE.CNT 41 THERE ARE 41 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L7 ANSWER 6 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 1993:602807 CAPLUS
- DN 119:202807
- TI Cobalt(II)-catalyzed reaction of aldehydes with acetic anhydride under an oxygen atmosphere: scope and mechanism
- AU Bhatia, Beena; Punniyamurthy, T.; Iqbal, Javed
- CS Dep. Chem., Indian Inst. Technol., Kanpur, 208016, India
- SO Journal of Organic Chemistry (1993), 58(20), 5518-23 CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263
- DT Journal
- LA English

in

- OS CASREACT 119:202807
- AB The reaction of aldehydes with acetic anhydride in the presence of catalytic cobalt(II) chloride under an oxygen atmospheric at ambient temperature is

dependent upon the reaction medium. Aliphatic aldehydes react in acetonitrile to give 1,2-diones whereas the aromatic aldehydes are acylated to yield the corresponding acylals. On the other hand, carboxylic acids are obtained from aliphatic and aromatic aldehydes by conducting the reaction

dichloromethane or benzene. Cobalt(II) chloride in acetonitrile catalyzes the conversion of aliphatic aldehydes to the corresponding anhydrides in the absence of acetic anhydride whereas aromatic aldehydes remain largely unaffected under these conditions. A preliminary mechanistic study in three different solvents (i.e. acetonitrile, dichloroethane, and DMF) has revealed that in acetonitrile and in the presence of acetic anhydride, aliphatic aldehydes behave differently than aromatic aldehydes. Some trapping expts. using Me acrylate and stilbene have been conducted to demonstrate the occurrence of an acyl cobalt and peroxyacyl cobalt intermediate during these reactions.

ANSWER 7 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN L7

ΑN 1993:427866 CAPLUS

119:27866 DN

Carboxylic sulfonic mixed anhydrides: general utility and application to TI the synthesis of ceftazidime

ΑU Wirth, David D.

Lilly Res. Lab., Eli Lilly and Co., Lafayette, IN, 47902, USA Tetrahedron (1993), 49(8), 1535-40 CS

SO CODEN: TETRAB; ISSN: 0040-4020

DTJournal

English LΑ

os CASREACT 119:27866

GΙ

A high-yielding acylation process which utilizes a mixed anhydride of the AΒ type RCO2SO2CH3 for the synthesis of the ceftazidime ester I is detailed. The mixed anhydride is conveniently prepared by addition of MeSO2Cl to the triethylammonium salt of the oxyiminoacetic acid II. Although known for some time, these anhydrides have not been used often in acylations. This lack of general utility is explained by side reactions, especially formation of the carboxylic sym. anhydride in sterically unhindered systems.

I

ΙI

ANSWER 8 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN L7

1992:614970 CAPLUS ΑN

117:214970 DN

Method for purification of carboxylic acids and anhydrides TI

Zoeller, Joseph Robert; Moncier, Regina Michelle IN

PA Eastman Kodak Co., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 13 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

Patent DT

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9212954	A1	19920806	WO 1992-US631	19920127
	W: CA, JP, KR				
	RW: AT, BE, CH,	DE, DK	, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IT, LU, MC, NL,	, SE
	US 5175363	Α	19921229	US 1991-646029	19910128
	CA 2098293	AA	19920729	CA 1992-2098293	19920127

EP 569492 19931118 EP 1992-905057 19920127 A1 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, SE JP 06505257 T2 19940616 JP 1992-505713 19920127 PRAI US 1991-646029 Α 19910128 WO 1992-US631 W 19920127

AB A method for reducing the amount of olefinic impurity in the title C2-8 carboxylic acids and C4-16 anhydrides comprises contacting them with a strong acidic resin. A sample of AcOH contaminated with 221 ppm 1-octene was added to Amberlyst-15, the mixture refluxed for 3 h to give AcOH containing only 15 ppm 1-octene.

L7 ANSWER 9 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1991:631971 CAPLUS

DN 115:231971

TI Preparation of intraocular pressure-reducing 9,11-diacyl prostaglandins

IN Chan, Ming Fai; Woodward, David Frederick; Gluchowski, Charles

PA Allergan, Inc., USA

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 12 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 410787	A2	19910130	EP 1990-308270	19900727
	EP 410787	A3	19911227		
	R: AT, BE, CH,	DE, DK	, ES, FR, GB	, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL,	SE
	CA 2020842	AA	19910128	CA 1990-2020842	19900710
	AU 9059791	A1	19910131	AU 1990-59791	19900724
	AU 635294	B2	19930318		
	JP 03058932	A2	19910314	JP 1990-201045	19900727
	US 5034413	Α	19910723	US 1990-585284	19900918
PRAI	US 1989-385834	Α	19890727		
os	MARPAT 115:231971				
GI					

AB The title compds. I [dashed bond represents single bond or double bond (cis and trans configuration); A = OH, pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, OR1; R1 = alkyl; R = (un)saturated acyclic hydrocarbon, (CH2)nR2; n = 0-10; R2 = aliphatic hydrocarbon ring, aromatic or heteroarom. ring] were prepared

Treatment of prostaglandin F2 α 15-tert-butyldimethylsilyl ether with isobutyric anhydride in the presence of pyridine and 4-dimethylaminopyridine, followed by deprotection, gave 9,11-diisobutyryl prostaglandin F2 α (II). Six hours after topical administration of one drop of 0.1% solution of II, the intraocular pressure was decreased by 1.5 mmHg in rabbits.

L7 ANSWER 10 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN AN 1990:234482 CAPLUS

- DN 112:234482
- TI Polymer-catalyzed synthesis of acid anhydrides
- IN Fife, Wilmer K.; Zhang, Zhi Dong
- PA Indiana University Foundation, USA
- SO U.S., 10 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 52,439. CODEN: USXXAM
- DT Patent
- LA English
- FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 4874558	Α	19891017	US 1988-284846	19881213

- PRAI US 1987-52439 A2 19870521
- OS CASREACT 112:234482; MARPAT 112:234482
- AB Acid anhydrides are prepared by reaction of carboxylic acids or carboxylate salts with acid halides or acyl-activating agents (e.g., SOC12) at 0° to room temperature in the presence of catalysts selected from: (a) solid copolymers of 4-vinylpyridine, (b) solid copolymers of 4-vinylpyridine 1-oxide, and (c) water-soluble homopolymers of 4-vinylpyridine 1-oxide. Thus, reaction of Me(CH2)4COC1 with PhCO2H using Reillex 425 catalyst (crosslinked 4-vinylpyridine copolymer) in CH2C12 at 0° for 10 min to give Me(CH2)4CO2COPh with 94.6% yield and 100% selectivity. Alternatively, use of EtCO2H and SOC12 at 22-25° in CH2C12 with the same catalyst gave 96.0% (EtCO)2O. Use of acid halides and Na formate with a type (b) catalyst gave various mixed formic anhydrides. A type (c) catalyst was used with halides and carboxylate salts in H2O-CH2C12 mixts.
- L7 ANSWER 11 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 1987:476992 CAPLUS
- DN 107:76992
- TI Phase-managed organic synthesis. 3. Symmetrical anhydrides from carboxylic acids via polymer-assisted reaction
- AU Fife, Wilmer K.; Zhang, Zhi Dong
- CS Dep. Chem., Indiana Univ.-Purdue Univ., Indianapolis, IN, 46223, USA
- SO Tetrahedron Letters (1986), 27(41), 4937-40 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039
- DT Journal
- LA English
- OS CASREACT 107:76992
- AB Sym. anhydrides are produced quickly and in high yield by treating mixts. of a carboxylic acid and one-half equivalent thionyl chloride in dichloromethane with a solid-state copolymer of 4-vinylpyridine. This conversion is accomplished equally well in batch or column mode.
- L7 ANSWER 12 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 1987:423056 CAPLUS
- DN 107:23056
- TI Phase-managed organic synthesis. 2. A new polymer-assisted synthesis of acid anhydrides
- AU Fife, Wilmer K.; Zhang, Zhi Dong
- CS Dep. Chem., Indiana Univ.-Purdue Univ., Indianapolis, IN, 46223, USA
- SO Tetrahedron Letters (1986), 27(41), 4933-6 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039
- DT Journal
- LA English
- OS CASREACT 107:23056
- AB A solid-phase copolymer of 4-vinylpyridine is a highly effective reagent for the synthesis of acid anhydrides from equimolar amts. of carboxylic acids and acid chlorides. The process may be carried out in batch or column mode.
- L7 ANSWER 13 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

- ΑN 1976:432429 CAPLUS
- DN 85:32429
- O-Acylation using organothallium compounds ΤI
- Taylor, Edward C.; McKillop, Alexander IN
- PA
- U.S., 7 pp. Division of U.S. 3,832,381. SO CODEN: USXXAM
- DT Patent
- LА English DAM CMM 3

ran.	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	US 3947488	 А	19760330	US 1974-471925	19740521
	US 3626018	Α	19711207	US 1968-700352	19680125
	US 3832381	Α	19740827	us 1971-112815	19710204
PRAI	US 1968-700352	A3	19680125		
	US 1971-112815	A3	19710204		

- AΒ Treatment of β -dicarbonyl compds. containing active H with ROTl (R = alkyl) gave thallous salts of the β -dicarbonyl compds., reaction of which with alkyl halides gave high yields of C-alkyl derivs., with acyl halides at room temperature gave C-acyl derivs., and with acyl halides at .apprx.-78° gave O-acyl derivs. In addition, reaction of acyl or aroyl halides with thallous phenolates or carboxylates gave phenyl esters or anhydrides, resp., and thallous salts of N heterocycles or of lactams were N-alkylated with alkyl halides, and the latter were O-acylated with acyl halides. Thus, (MeCO) 2CH2 with EtOTl gave quant. (MeCO) 2CHTl, which gave 100% (MeCO) 2CHMe when treated with MeI.
- ANSWER 14 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN L7
- 1976:73840 CAPLUS AN
- 84:73840 DN
- The 1,3-dipole in the sulfilimine-phosphine system. IV. Preparations of TI acid anhydrides, amides, esters, and thioesters
- Oae, Shigeru; Aida, Tetsuo; Furukawa, Naomichi ΑU
- Inst. Chem., Tsukuba Univ., Tsukuba, Japan CS
- Chemical & Pharmaceutical Bulletin (1975), 23(11), 3011-16 SO CODEN: CPBTAL; ISSN: 0009-2363
- DTJournal
- English LΑ
- os CASREACT 84:73840
- Complexes formed between N-arylsulfonylsulfilimines and Ph3P, for example AΒ a couple of S-benzyl-S-phenyl-N-p-tosylsulfilimine and Ph3P, reacted with such compds. as carboxylic acids, alcs., amines and acid anhydrides affording various interesting products. Among them, the reaction with carboxylic acids gave the corresponding anhydrides in substantial yields, and this reaction was extended to prepare esters and amides. All these reactions can be explained by assuming the initial formation of a 1,3-dipole intermediate (sulfurane) between sulfilimine and Ph3P.
- L7 ANSWER 15 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- 1975:427818 CAPLUS AN
- DN 83:27818
- 1,3-Dipole in the sulfilimine-phosphine system. III. Acid anhydride, ΤI ester, and amide condensations by sulfilimine-phosphine system
- Aida, Tetsuo; Furukawa, Naomichi; Oae, Shigeru ΑU
- Fac. Eng., Osaka City Univ., Osaka, Japan CS
- SO Chemistry Letters (1975), (1), 29-32 CODEN: CMLTAG; ISSN: 0366-7022
- DT Journal
- LΑ English
- S-Alkyl-S-phenyl-N-p-tosylsulfilimine and Ph3P reacted with various AB carboxylic acids affording their anhydrides. The reaction was successfully extended to an ester- or amide-condensation reaction. These

results can be interpreted by the initial formation of a 1,3-dipole between the sulfilimine and the phosphine.

- L7 ANSWER 16 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN AN 1974:463092 CAPLUS
- DN 81:63092
- TI Synthesis of 4-oxo-2-alkyn-1-ols
- AU Duranti, Ermanno; Balsamini, Cesarino
- CS Inst. Org. Chem., Univ. Urbino, Urbino, Italy
- SO Synthesis (1974), (5), 357-8 CODEN: SYNTBF; ISSN: 0039-7881
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB HC.tplbond.CCH2OH added to 2,3-dihydropyran to give 3-(tetrahydropyran-2-yloxy)-1-propyne, which was treated with NaNH2 in anhydrous Et2O and then (RCO)2O (R = Me, Et, Me2CH, n-C6H13, n-C11H23, PhCH2, Ph) to give 50-90% yields of the corresponding RCOC.tplbond.CCH2OH (I) after hydrolysis with dilute H2SO4 in MeOH; I were converted to the corresponding 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazones and/or semicarbazones.
- L7 ANSWER 17 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 1969:512025 CAPLUS
- DN 71:112025
- TI Organic compounds, including anhydrides useful as monomers
- IN McKillop, Alexander; Taylor, Edward Curtis
- SO Ger. Offen., 27 pp.
 - CODEN: GWXXBX
- DT Patent
- LA German
- FAN.CNT 3

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	DE 1903598	 A	19690828	DE 1969-1903598	19690124
	US 3626018	А	19711207	US 1968-700352	19680125
	GB 1205373	Α	19700916	GB 1969-1205373	19690122
	GB 1205374	Α	19700916	GB 1969-1205374	19690122
	US 3780021	Α	19731218	US 1971-112812	19710204
PRA	T US 1968-700352	Α	19680125		

Tl(I) salts of β dicarbonyl compds., phenols, carboxylic acids, heterocyclic compds., and lactams are used in various transformations of these compds. including alkylation, acylation, ester and anhydride formation, and the preparation of biaryl compds. Thus, a suspension of 10.10 g. Tl(I) acetylacetonate (I) in 100 ml. MeI was refluxed 5 hrs., cooled, filtered through kieselgur, freed of excess MeI, and distilled, giving 3.7 g. 3-methylpentene-2,4-dione, b35 78-80°. Similarly, gaseous AcF was added to a suspension of 30.0 g. I in 150 ml. tetrahydrofuran at 3.0 ml./min. over 30 min., giving 96% HCAc3, $b1 \cdot 0$ 90-5°. The following compds. were prepared similarly (compound and b.p./mm. given): Et 2-methylacetoacetate, 82°/25; 2-methyl-2 (ethoxycarbonyl)cyclopentanone, 124-6°/35; Et 2-methylbenzoylacetate, $96-7^{\circ}/0.25$; Et 2,2-dimethylbenzoylacetate, $98-100^{\circ}/0.35$; Et 2-ethylacetoacetate, 94-6°/25; 3-ethylpentane-2,4-dione, 78-80°/17; 2-ethyl-2-(ethoxycarbonyl)cyclopentanone, 134-6°/37; Et 2-ethylbenzoylacetate, 150-2°/0.6; 2-ethyl-2-methyl-benzoylacetate, 100-2°/0.3; Et 2-isopropylacetoacetate, 90-2°/18;3-isopropylpentane-2,4-dione, 2-isopropyl-2-(ethoxycarbonyl)cyclopentanone, 136-8°/37; Et 2-isopropyl-benzoylacetate, 108-10°/0.5; Et 2-isopropyl-2-methylbenzoyl-acetate, 116-18°/0.35. A solution of $0.0395 \ \text{mole p-ClC6H4MgBr}$ in 25 ml. benzene and 25 ml. tetrahydrofuran was treated with 22.46 g. TlBr, refluxed 7 hrs., cooled, poured into 150 ml. dilute HCl, and extracted with ether to give 61% 4,4'-dichlorobiphenyl, m. 148°. p-Quaterphenyl, m. 320°, and N,N,N',N'-tetramethylbenzidine, subliming at 165°/0.05 mm. and m. 195°, were similarly prepared A solution of 6.58 g. phenol in 150 ml. benzene was heated nearly to reflux and mixed with 17.43 g. TlOEt in 50 ml. benzene, giving a precipitate of TlOPh in <1 min. The precipitate was separated and dried, giving 23.05 g.

TlOPh, m. 231-5°. A solution of 1.33 g. Accl in 3 ml. Et20 was added dropwise over 5 min. to 5 g. TlOPh in 15 ml. Et20. The mixture was stirred 1 hr. at room temperature, filtered, and the filtrate evaporated and distilled, giving

2.27 g. PhOAc, b58 110°. The following aryl esters were prepared by this method (compound and m.p. or b.p./mm. given): Ph pivalate, 112°/25; PhOBz, 70°; p-nitrophenyl acetate, 79-80°; p-nitrophenyl pivalate, 95-7°; p-nitrophenyl benzoate, 144-5°; o-methoxyphenyl acetate, 35-6°; o-methoxyphenyl pivalate, 140°/1.7; o-methoxyphenyl benzoate, 205°/15; p-methoxyphenyl acetate, 35-6°; p-methoxyphenyl benzoate, 88-9°; β -naphthyl acetate, 70-1°; β -naphthyl pivalate, 65.5-6.0°; β -naphthyl benzoate, 106.5-7.0°.

A solution of 17.43 g. Tl20 in 200 ml. Et20 was rapidly added to 8.54 g. BzOH in 500 ml. warm Et20. The precipitate was separated, recrystd. from aqueous MeOH, and

dried, giving 95-9% BzOTl, m. 340°. A solution of 1.205 g. pivaloyl chloride in 3 ml. Et20 was added to a suspension of 3.25 g. finely divided BzOTl and 20 ml. Et20, stirred 8 hrs. at 25° to give 2.06 g. mixed benzoic-pivalic anhydride. The sym. anhydride, Bz20, m. 42°, was obtained by treating 0.01 mole TlOBz with 0.005 mole SOCl2. Pivalic, isobutyric, and acetic anhydrides were similarly prepared A solution of 13.30 g. 2-pyridone (Ia) in 300 ml. of a mixture of pentane and enough EtOH for dissoln. was treated with 10 ml. TlOEt. The precipitate was separated, giving

g. Ia Tl(I) salt (II), m. 152-5°. A suspension of 9.86 g. II in 50 ml. dry ether was treated with 2.75 g. AcCl over 10 min. and then stirred 30 min. to give 98% 2-acetoxypy ridine. 2-(Benzoyloxy)pyridine, m. 39-41°, 5-methyl-6(5H)-phenanthridinone, m. 108°, and 5-ethyl-6(5H)-phenathridinone, m. 87-90°, were similarly prepared TlOEt was added to a solution of 1.0 g. adenine (III) in AcNMe2 until no more precipitation was observed, stirred 5 hrs., filtered, and the residue purified, giving 2.3 g. III Tl(I) salt (IV), m. 330°. IV was suspended in AcNMe2 and treated with 1.1 g. PhCH2Br, giving 45% 9-benzyladenine, m. 230°. 6-Chloro-9-benzylpurine, m. 78°, and 9-benzylpurine, m. 99-100°, were similarly prepared from the 6-chloropurine and purine and purine Tl(I) salts, m. 330° and 255° (decomposition), resp. The applications for the various types of compds. prepared were listed.

=>